Newport Mercury.

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Newport Mercury.

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No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

TERMS.

Two DOLLARS per annum:—$1 in advance. No Paper will be discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editors) until arrearages are paid.

Terms of Advertising.—Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for $1, and 17 cents for each subsequent insertion.—All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

School-Books, &c.

Wm. & J.H. Barber,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

SCHOOL-BOOKS of every kind in use in Town and Country consisting of Geographies of every kind, viz. Olney's, Cummings, Wooderidge's and Morse's do. ;—Colburn's Arithmetic ; Smith's and Murray's Grammar :—Alden's, Webster's, Murray's and Cummings's Spelling-Books, &c. &c.

A L S O,

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Of every description, and price.

LIKEWISE,

Writing Paper from $20 to $3 per Ream : Letter Do. of various kinds ; Log and Wrapping Paper.
November 27th, 1830.

NEW GOODS.

Wm. J Tilley,

HAS JUST OPENED.

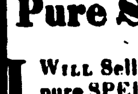
CHEAP low-priced WOOLLENS, for Men's and Boys Over-coats.—*Also Just Opened*, More MERINOS and CASSIANS.
Newport, Dec. 24.

Milton Hall,

HAS FOR SALE,

20 Kegs of Goshen BUTTER Cheese, Hams, dried Beef &c. &c.
Newport, Dec. 24,

New Beef and Pork

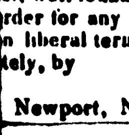


200 Bbls. of Boston Mess No. 1 & 2 BEEF.—50 do. PORK. 100 do. Boston No. 3 Mackerell, 1500 Bushels Southern CORN.
For Sale on Dean's Wharf, by
JOSHUA SAYER.
Newport, Dec. 17.

Pure Sperm OIL !

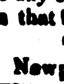
I WILL Sell from One to Fifty Bbls pure SPERM OIL, full strained, and should it not prove as warranted, will take it back and pay all expences.—900 Gallons refined Whale Oil, in Tierces & bbls.—Sperm Candles, &c.—For Sale, for Cash, or on time, by
JOSHUA SAYER.
Newport, Oct. 1.

FOR SALE,



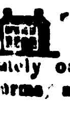
THE well built Ship ELBE, burthen 341 Tons, built in 1826, copper fastened, and was coppered with the heaviest French copper in 1830—has one suit of Sails nearly new, and part of a suit one half worn.—She sails remarkably fast, is a first rate vessel, well found in every respect, and in order for any voyage, and will be sold on liberal terms, if applied for immediately, by
S. T. NORTHAM, or
J. R. STANHOPE.
Newport, Nov. 26.

TO LET,



THAT well-known **Stand**, in Washington-Square, formerly owned and occupied by the late CHARLES FEKE, consisting of a SHOP, with all the necessary Furniture for a Druggist, with a convenient Room in the rear.—It having been occupied for many years as an Apothecary's Shop, with an extensive run of custom, it would afford an excellent opportunity to any one wishing to establish himself in that business.—For terms, apply to
THOMAS BRINLEY.
Newport, May 14.

TO RENT,



THE HOUSE and SHOP, No. 140 Thames-Street, lately occupied by *James Fales*.—For terms, apply to
JOHN WILLIAMS.
Newport, July 30.

NEW GOODS.

A GOOD Variety of double-fold French MERINO CLOTHS, of the most fashionable colours.
English Do.—also of single width.
Superior quality of Gro' de Swiss, Gro' de Berlin, and Italian Silks.
Fashionable Winter Ginghams & Callicoes.
Random Cotton and Silk Hose.
White and colored Petticoat Robes.
Printed scarlet Flannels for Children.
Rich Furniture Callicoes.
Silk Bags—Rich Belts.
With a general Assortment of GOODS suited to the Season, to be sold at the lowest prices—JUST RECEIVED, BY
JOHN F. TOWNSEND.
Newport, Oct. 15.

GRANITE.

PROPOSALS will be received until the 15th January next, for the delivery at Fort Adams, Newport Harbor, R. I. of

2000 perches of GRANITE

These stones must be of large size and durable quality, and split out with good beds and faces. A sample which will be referred to in all inspections, may be seen at the Fort. They are to be delivered on one of the wharfs at the Fort, between the 1st day of March and the 31st day of Dec. 1832.

Proposals will be received for any part of the above quantity, not less than 500 perches

All communications touching this subject, to be addressed to Brevet Col. JOSEPH G. TOTTEN, U. S. Engin'rs, Newport, R. I.
JOS. G. TOTTEN, *Lt. Col. Eng'rs. Brevet Col.*

Fort Adams, Newport Harbor, December 12, 1831.

☞ The publishers of the New-Bedford, Taunton and Fall-River, (Mass.) papers ; of the Providence Patriot, American, and Republican Herald ; Warren Star ; and of the Stonington, New-London, Middletown, and Hartford, (Conn.) papers, will please give the above four insertions, and forward their accounts.

BRICKS WANTED.

PROPOSALS will be received until the 15th January next, for the supply at Fort Adams, Newport Harbor, R. I. of

1,000 000 common Bricks

These Bricks must be cast in moulds of such size as to average when burned, eight inches by four inches by two and a half inches. They must be of the best quality of Merchantable Bricks. The proportion of salmon, or pale bricks, must not exceed one eighth of the whole, and no soft or very pale bricks will be received. The proportion of arch bricks must not exceed one eighth of the whole, and none of these that are much warped will be received. The proportion of broken bricks must not exceed two per cent. At least 50,000 to be delivered by the 1st day of June next, and the remainder in the course of the Summer and Autumn of the year, at such periods as may suit the contractor—provided there be always on hand the supply requisite for the progress of the work.

Should any person desire to furnish the stated number of bricks, or a less number, of a size different from that given above, they will please to accompany their proposals with a statement of the length, breadth and thickness of a well burned brick of the kind they wish to supply.

Before forming the contract, a fair sample will be required, to be deposited in the Engineer office, at Fort Adams, which, should it prove satisfactory, will govern in the inspection of the several deliveries.

Payments will be made, if required, on each cargo duly inspected and received.

All communications touching this subject to be directed to Brevet Col. JOSEPH G. TOTTEN, U. S. Engineers, Newport, R. I.
JOS. G. TOTTEN, *Lt. Col. Eng'rs. Brevet Col.*

Fort Adams, Newport Harbor, R. I. December 12th, 1861.

☞ The publishers of the Warren R. I. Star, of the Portland, Bath, Gardiner, Hallowell Wiscasset, Thomastown, Bangor, and Belfast, (Maine) papers ; of the Portsmouth N. H. papers ; Newburyport, Salem, Taunton, New-Bedford and Fall-River (Mass.) papers ; Boston Patriot ; Stonington, New-London, Middletown and Hartford (Ct.) papers ; of the N. Y. Courier & Enquirer, New-York American, Journal of Commerce ; and of the Newburg papers ; will please give the above notice four insertions, and forward their accounts.

AT the Court of Probate held in this Town on the first Monday of Sept. inst. WM. S. NICHOLS, Administrator on the Estate of JOHN SLOCUM, dec, moved said Court that the report of Claims examined and allowed against said Estate be referred back to said Commissioners.—The motion was sustained, and nine months from said first Monday in Sept. were allowed the creditors of said SLOCUM to present and prove their claims.—We will therefore attend at the Office of H. Y. Cranston, on the first, second and third Mondays in May, 1832, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose aforesaid.

HENRY Y. CRANSTON, ROBERT P. LEE, JOHN WILLIAMS, jun. } *Com'rs*
Newport, Sept. 22, 1831.

WANTED Immeditely,

A SMART and intelligent Lad 14 or 15 years of age, as an Apprentice to the Printing Business in a neighbouring Town.—To such a one, good encouragement will be given, and no other need apply.—Enquire at this Office.

Poetry.

FROM THE JUVENILE [illegible] ST ME NOT.
EVENING PRAYER [illegible] GIRL PRAYING.

Alone, alone!—no other [illegible]
Wears kindred [illegible] dred line ;
And yet they say my [illegible] eye—
They say my [illegible] is mine ;
And either had [illegible]
The other's [illegible] fine ;
But now 'tis a [illegible]
That [illegible] them.
I heard [illegible]
[illegible]
And I [illegible]
[illegible]
I wish I could recall one look—
But only for familiar tone ;
If I had aught of memory,
I should not feel so all alone.

My heart is gone beyond the grave,
In search of love I cannot find,
Till I could fancy soothing words
Are whispered by the evening wind.
I gaze upon the watching stars,
So clear, so beautiful above,
Till I could dream they look on me
With something of an answering love.

My mother, does thy gentle eye
Look from those distant stars on me ?
Or does the wind at evening bear
A message to thy child from thee ?
Dost thou pine for me, as I pine
Again a parent's love to share ?
I often kneel beside thy grave,
And pray to be a sleeper there.

The vesper bell !—'tis eventide ;
I will not weep, but I will pray—
God of the fatherless, 'tis Thou
Alone canst be the orphan's stay !
Earth's meanest flower, Heaven's mightiest star,
Are equal in their Maker's love,
And I can say, Thy will be done,
With eyes that fix their hope above.

THOU ART GONE TO SLEEP, MY BROTHER.

BY R. A. WILMOTT.

Thou art gone to sleep, my brother,
In the beauty of thy glee ;
Thy face dwelling with thy mother,
Thy pleasant voice with me.

Thou art gone to sleep, my brother,
Beneath some Eden tree ;
We weep, and look upon each other—
Oh, that we look'd on thee !

The sabbath stillness cometh round
Our fireside like a melody ;
One voice is silent in our hymn—
One absent from our company.

My sister's hand is on her book,
How sweet her teaching used to be ;
Now aloud she readeth not,
Thou art not at her knee !

I will not weep—for often times
In memory's light a face will shine ;
A gentle voice be in my ear,
A little hand in mine.

WINTER.—BY BERNARD BARTON.

Thou hast thy beauties,—stormier ones, I own,
Than those of thy precursors ; yet to thee
Belong the charms of solemn majesty
And naked grandeur. Awful is the tone
Of thy tempestuous nights, when clouds are blown,
By hurrying winds across the troubled sky,—
Pensive, when softer breezes faintly sigh.

Through leafless boughs, with ivy overgrown,
Thou hast thy decorations too, although
Thou art austere : thy studded mantle, gay
With icy brilliants, which as proudly glow
As erst Golconda's ; and thy pure array
Of regal ermine, when the drifted snow
Envelopes nature, till her features seem
Like pale but lovely ones—seen when we dream.

BALTIMORE TEMPERANCE MEETING.—The anniversary of the Baltimore Temperance Society was held on the evening of the 14th inst. It had been announced that Messrs. Wirt and Sergeant would address the meeting, and the church was crowded at an early hour. Mr. Sergeant was prevented from attending by a pressure of business, and Mr. Wirt by severe indisposition. The following letter from Mr. Wirt, was read to the meeting :

Baltimore, Dec. 14th, 1831.

To the Rev. Mr. Nevens,

MY DEAR SIR—I had hoped that I was about to escape the prevailing influenza, but I find my health so much impaired by it, this morning, that it will not be in my power to attend the Temperance meeting of this evening, as I proposed to have done. In this and in all things, "His will be done, His holy will, however it cross my own." I should have been glad to have been permitted to bear my humble testimony in the cause of Temperance. I have been for more than forty years a close observer of life and manners, in various of the United States, and I know not the evil that will bear a moment's comparison with intemperance. It is no exaggeration to say, as has often been said, that this single cause has produced more vice, crime, poverty and wretchedness in every form, domestic and social, than all the other ills that scourge us, combined. In truth, it is scarcely possible to meet with misery, in any shape, in this country, which will not be found on examination to have proceeded, directly or indirectly, from the excessive use of ardent spirits. Want is one of its immediate consequences. The sad spectacle of starving and destitute families, and of ignorant, half naked, vicious children, ought never to be presented in a country like this, where the demand for labor is constant, the field unlimited, the sources of supply inexhaustible ; and where there is none to make us afraid : and it never would be presented, or very rarely, indeed, were it not for the desolation brought upon families, by the general use of this deadly poison. It paralyses the arm, the brain, the heart. All the best affections, all the energies of the mind wither under its influence. The man becomes a maniac and is locked up in a hospital, or imbrues his hands in the blood of his wife and children, and is sent to the gallows or doomed the Penitentiary, or, if he escapes these consequences, he becomes a walking pestilence on the earth, miserable in himself and loathsome to all who behold him. How often do we see too, whole families contaminated by the vicious example of the parent—husbands wives, daughters and sons all drunkards and furies ; sometimes wives murdering their husbands, at others, husbands their wives, and worst of all, if worse can be in such a group of horrors, children murdering their parents. But below this grade of crime, how much is there of unseen and untold misery throughout our otherwise happy land, proceeding from this fatal cause alone.

I am persuaded that if we could have a statistical survey and report of the affairs of unhappy families and individuals, with the causes of their misery annexed, we should find nine cases out of ten, if not in still greater proportion, resulting from the use of ardent spirits alone. With this conviction, which seems to have become universal among reflecting men, the apathy shown to the continuance of the evil can only be ascribed to the circumstances that the mischief though verbally admitted, is not seen, and felt in all its enormity. If some fatal plague, of a contagious character, were imported into our country and had commenced its ravages in our city, we should see the most prompt and vigorous measures at once adopted to repress and extinguish it ; but what are the most fearful plagues that ever carried death and havoc in their train through the eastern countries compared with this ? They are only occasional ; this is perrennial. They are confined by the climates or places. They kill the body at once, this consumes both body and soul by a lingering and dreadful death, involving the dearest connexions in the vortex of ruin.—What parent, however exemplary himself can ever feel that his son is safe while this living poison is within his reach. God grant that it may soon become a fountain sealed, in our country at least. What a relief, what a delightful relief would it be to turn from the awful and horrid past, to the pure, peaceful and happy future ! to see the springs of life and feeling and intelligence renewed on every hand ; health, industry and prosperity glowing around us ; the altars domestic peace and love rekindled in every family ; and the religion of the Saviour presented with a fair field for its celestial action.

The progress already made by our temperance societies in advancing this golden age, proves them to be of a divine origin. May the Almighty crown his own work with full and speedy success.

I remain, dear sir,
Respectfully and truly your's,
WM. WIRT.

The New-York American of the 24th inst. has the following appropriate reflections, on

CHRISTMAS EVE.—How many gay recollections, how many mournful yet not unpleasing memories crowd upon us with that word, Not the joyousness of childhood alone, the fun and frolic of the springtime of life, but the mirth and festivity of its after seasons, marred perhaps in one by calamity, or saddened in another by bereavement all come up in their time-mellowed colors before us. Yet there is more sentiment than philosophy in that little song to Christmas, commencing

"I love ye not, ye Hollidays.
Your hours of festive glee.
Sad thoughts of happy childhood past,
Are all ye bring to me."

It is wise to be merry when mirth is in season ; and if it be true that there is a season for all things, it is right that there should be one for mirth. What though the grate has banished the yule log from the hearth, and sluggish anthracite has superseded crackling hickory ; though lips are no longer privileged beneath the pendant misleto, the green holly still smiles as cheerily upon the mantelpiece, and the social ivy twines as companionably around the smoking wassail bowl. Let not then Sante Claus be treated with inhospitality ; nor hilarity, softened by affection, be less genial because it is confined to the domestic circle. There is, we know, much cant about "good old customs," but we confess ourselves one of those who would [illegible] in the observance that is [illegible] early associations, and so [illegible] by the domestic cordiality [illegible] ; therefore do we sincerely wish our readers a merry Christmas.

Twenty-Second Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

IN SENATE, MONDAY, Dec. 19, 1831.

The Message of the President, and documents relating to the imprisonment of American citizens in New Brunswick, were ordered to be printed. A resolution offered by Mr. Hanna was agreed to, instructing the committee on the Militia to inquire into the expediency of an organization of the Militia which shall embrace only those who are between the ages of 21 and 35. Mr. Holmes called up his resolution calling on the President for information on the subject of the negociations relative to the North Eastern boundary. A motion to transfer the resolution to the Executive journal, for consideration in confidential sitting, was agreed to.

The Senate proceeded to the choice of officers. Before the ballot was taken for Secretary, Mr. Chambers stated that a letter had been published, perporting to be from Wm. B. Lewis, second Auditor, in which it was asserted that the Secretary of the Senate had violated the obligation of secrecy, by communicating to the President the opinions of the Senate on a nomination pending before them. After some discussion, the Secretary was permitted to explain, whereupon he stated that since he had held the office, he had never made any such communication to the President. The ballot was then taken, when Mr. Lowrie had 40 votes, and there was one other vote. He was accordingly re-elected.

After a short time spent in Executive business, the Senate adjourned.

Tuesday, Dec. 20.

DUTIES ON TEAS.

The several memorials praying for a further reduction of the duty upon Teas, having been referred to the Committee on Finance, the committee made a Report adverse to the prayer of the petitioners ; accompanied by a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury.

On the report being read, Mr. Webster made a few remarks, in which he said, that,

"His principal object in rising was to express his dissent from the doctrines which had come down from the Treasury Department, that no further reduction of the duties on teas was expedient at this time. He would not then enter into an argument in support of the objections he entertained to such doctrines ; he would barely observe that, in his opinion, a considerable reduction ought to be made, and at once ; such he believed was the opinion of a majority of the community, and he could not consent that, by the adoption of the report, the idea should be conveyed that every member of the Senate thought it inexpedient at this time to reduce the duties on teas.

Mr. Smith, of Maryland, chairman of the committee, gave the Senate two reasons for the conclusion of the committee ; first, that it was impossible, for want of time, to get a bill through both houses before the first of January, and second, that many gentlemen of both "would not consent to an act of the nature contemplated by the memorialists, without going into the whole subject of the Tariff." Therefore, "the committe had been compelled to report as they had done."

In reply to these cogent reason. Mr. Clay said—

"If there was any article on which the minds of all were most likely to concur, that a reduction or abolition of duties would be advantageous, it was that of tea—one of the necessaries of life, the universality of the consumption of which made the tax on it felt by all, by the rich as well as the poor. But as he understood the committee, they were not opposed to a reduction of duties on that most important article ; they only declared it inexpedient to act at this time, from the belief that no action could now be effective. He was not disposed to call for any expression of opinion on the part of the Senate adverse to the report. It did appear to him, however, that it was possible for the committee to report such a bill as that, prayed for by the memorialists, and pass it through both Houses, if not by the first of January at least at a very early period thereafter."

Mr. Hayne also took part in the debate, and in the course of his remarks, he said,

"There was another remark which

PRINTED CALICOES, FOR CASH.

Waterston Pray, & Co.
No. 6, Kilby-Street, BOSTON.
KEEP CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

A Great Variety of Printed CALICOES and Coloured Cambrics, which they sell in lots to suit purchasers at *very low prices for Cash only.*
Boston, Feb. 22, 1831.

Dr. Kittredge's
VEGETABLE
PULMONIC DROPS.

MR. DAM has recently received from one of the first families in this City, Dr Benjamin's Kittredge's Recipe for preparing his PULMONIC DROPS. As they were so well known in his practice, further comment is [illegible] essary. The reasons assigned for presenting this to him, were, that it might be continued for the benefit of the community. Several of the connexions of this family have been cured in a few weeks by using these invaluable Drops. They could not obtain the recipe from him on any other condition, than not to show it out of the family as long as he lived. Mr. Dam confidently offers these Drops to the public as the best article for all pulmonary complaints which has ever been produced [illegible] cents per bottle. For sale, wholesale and retail, by the Proprietor, 29 Prince-street, Boston, *LEADER DAM*, who keeps constantly for sale the following articles of his own manufacture;—Cream of Amber, for removing Pimples and Freckles; Balm of Egypt for Coughs, Asthma, Consumptions and Hooping Cough; Patten's Pile Electuary and Ointment, an infallible remedy for the Piles; Anderson's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes; Galen's Ointment, and Galen's Restorative Elixir, a positive cure for all scrofulous complaints; Galen's Anti-Bilious Pills, the best [illegible] to sweeten the breath, and free the stomach from bile; German Rheumatic Drops and Galen's Restorative Elixir, the only article yet known that would effectually cure the rheumatism; Dr. Randall's Tooth Powder, the best article to preserve the teeth from decaying, & for whitening the teeth ever discovered; German Tooth-Ache Drops the first article that was ever tried with success in destroying the nerve of a tooth, and immediately stopping the tooth from aching; Dr. Mitchell's Corn Plaister, that has cured more corns than all other articles used; Dr. Mitchell's [illegible] Salve, that was never known to fail, when applied according to the directions on the box; Dr. [illegible]'s Anti-Dyspeptic Pills [illegible] more persons of that complaint than all others ever offered to the public; Dr. Kittredge's Jaundice Bitters, a most [illegible] complaint, now is [illegible] Galen's Restorative Elixir, to [illegible] debility, has cured [illegible] one of the best medicines to [illegible] humors that has ever been [illegible] many other complaints, [illegible] recommend for them [illegible] for many [illegible] is considered one [illegible]; Dr. Jackson's [illegible] best articles for Fe[illegible] state of health [illegible] used for the same [illegible] Pills, and costs only [illegible] used with great [illegible] Strangury and Gravel; [illegible] Worms has already [illegible] excellence [illegible] complaint, as it [illegible] the tape worm [illegible] complaint, is [illegible] cured [illegible] Wash [illegible] removes [illegible]

[illegible] in Newport [illegible] R. R. HAZARD, near the [illegible] James Taylor, [illegible] Moore, and by [illegible] Street, Newport.— [illegible] Job Durfee, and [illegible] Four Corners, in Tiverton.— [illegible] Bristol—P. R. Reed & Co. [illegible] by druggists in New-Bedford, [illegible]

[illegible]

Dr. [illegible]
VEGETABLE POWDERS,
[illegible] FOR THE LIVER
[illegible]

[illegible] the patronage re[illegible]

[illegible] by ELA[illegible]

[illegible] New[illegible] the State[illegible] and J. [illegible] Simmons, [illegible] New-Bedford, &c. &c.

200 bushels white [illegible] CORN, for Sale by [illegible] A [illegible]
[illegible] Sept. [illegible]

Fall and Winter GOODS.

ISAAC GOULD,
No. 176, Thames-Street,
Has Just Received from New-York,

AN assortment of BROADCLOTHS, Cassimeres and Vestings, of the most fashionable colours and patterns, suitable to the approaching Season.

ALSO, Gentlemen's New style Stocks and Cravats; extra Beaver, and Buckskin Gloves; random Hose; Wash-leather Jackets and Skins, &c. &c.—All of which he will sell at a small advance for Cash or approved credit.
Newport, Oct. 22.

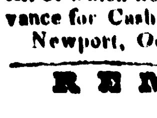
REMOVAL.
Samuel Barker,

HAS Removed two doors South, to the Store lately occupied by Mr. A. V. Allen.
Newport, Nov. 5.

THE SUBSCRIBER,
Offers for Sale, on Lyon's Wharf,
50,000 ft. Boards & Plank
30,000 Cedar SHINGLES.

ALSO, 7 Hhds. good retailing Molasses; Muscovado Sugar by the Bbl.—Cloves by the bag or less quantity—Holland's Gin and Cogniac Brandy by the bbl. all of which will be sold Cheap for Cash, or approved credit.—Apply to
Isaiah Crooker, jr
Newport, Oct. 29.

NEW STAND.



THE Subscriber having Removed his Establishment to Store No. 138, Thames-street, recently occupied by Mr. D. C. Dunham, jeweller, (and opposite Messrs. G. Engs & Co.) is now ready to supply his Customers and the public, with *BOOTS & SHOES* of every description, from the most improved Manufactories, and newest patterns, and hopes by his unremitted attention, to be able to merit a continuance of that liberal patronage which he has heretofore received.

As a further inducement to Customers, he has just received a complete Assortment of Stock from New-York, for manufacturing work to measure; comprising different colour'd Kid Morocco, lining, bindings, and the much admired bronze and chequer'd French Morocco, &c. &c. together with six new sets of the first fashion Lasts, made by Mr. Coit, of N. York. The work to measure being made under his own immediate inspection, will bear comparison with any made in the place.—The best attention paid to repairing.

Constantly on hand and for Sale, Shoe nails, thread, lining and binding skins, Day & Martin and other kinds of blacking, &c. &c.
BENJAMIN H. AILMAN.
Newport, April 23.

CELLAR, No. 1,
CHURCH-STREET.
REPLENISHED WITH REAL
GOOD BUTTER,
CIDER, & two sorts of **APPLES**
called, Seek no further, & red sweetings.
N. SWEET,
Invites his old Customers and Friends, and the Public, to call and supply themselves.
Newport, Nov. 5.

LOST,
SUPPOSED TO BE STOLEN,

ONE Jamaica Island CHECK for **50l.**—One do. do. for £5.—
Any information relative to the above, will be attended to, on application to ROBERT STEVENS, who will pay a suitable reward.
Newport, Dec. 10.

At Tilley's,

INDIA RUBBER OVER SHOES in great Variety, from One Dollar to $1 75 the Pair.

ALSO, Just Opened. A Lot of low priced drab, olive and blue Broadcloths.
☞ LACE WORK put out.
Newport, Nov. 26.

FINAL NOTICE.

ALL Demands in favor of the Estate of Edward Simmons, dec. that shall remain unpaid on the 10th day of December next, will immediately thereafter be put in suit.
HENRY Y. CRANSTON, *Adm'r on the Estate of Edward Simmons.*
Newport, Nov. 10, 1831.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

THE Subscribers hereby give notice that they have been duly appointed, and taken upon themselves the trust of Executors to the last Will and Testament of
William Ennis, Esq.
late of Newport, dec. by giving bond as the law directs; they therefore request all persons who are indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to
DAVID KING,
BENJAMIN H. TISDALE. } *Execut'rs*
Newport, May 28.

WANTED Immediately.

A Smart and intelligent Lad, 14 or 15 years of age, as an Apprentice to the Printing Business, in a neighbouring Town.—To such a one, good encouragement will be given, and no other need apply.—Enquire at this Office.

REMOVAL.
DR. R. R. HAZARD,

HAS Removed his *MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT* from the Store formerly occupied by the late Charles Feke, to the Stand in his own House, the third East of said Feke's Store, and a few rods West of the State-House, Sign of the

GREAT MORTAR

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,
A very extensive Assortment of
DRUGS, MEDICINES and DYE-STUFFS
Together with many of the most Valuable
Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c. &c.
Of the first quality, and on as good terms as can be obtained at any Store in Newport.

ALSO, Hull's, Stone's, and other Hernia TRUSSES.

☞ Medicine Chests, with plain directions for Ships, and family's use, put up and replenished in the best manner.

N. B.—The most particular personal attention paid to Physicians prescriptions, and Medicines delivered at any hour of the night.
Newport, May 14, 1831.

BOOTS & SHOES
CO-PARTNERSHIP FORMED.
DAVIS & POTTER.
At the Old Stand of JOHN W. DAVIS
Sign of the BIG BOOT,
100, *THAMES-STREET.*

HAVE just Returned, from New-York with a superior selection of Stock of the first quality, for the purpose of manufacturing Ladies, Gentlemen's, misses and children's **BOOTS AND SHOES,** in the most fashionable style, by the first rate workmen.—They are confident the satisfaction heretofore received by old customers at the establishment, (No. 100) will induce them still to continue their patronage.

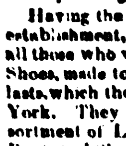
Having the assistance of Mr. Potter in the establishment, every attention will be paid to all those who wish for the first style of Boots & Shoes, made to measure, on the newest fashion lasts, which they have just received from New-York. They have on hand, an extensive assortment of Ladies, Gentlemen's and misses Boots and Shoes, of every description, usually called for in a Shoe-Store, of their own manufacturing. Also a number of cases of the above Articles, which they bought for cash in New-York, and are determined to sell them as low as at any other Store in Town.

They keep constantly on hand, the following articles, viz:—

Black and coloured Lastings,	Black and color'd morocco and kid do.
Russia Sheetings	Calf-skins
No. 2 & 3 Ribbons	Seal skins
David's best galloons	Horse skins
Binding silk	Black & color'd kid
Silk & cotton braid	Goat skin bindings
Silk and cotton boot cord	Sheep do. do.
Boot Webbing	Lining skins
English shoe thread	Liquid Blacking
American do. do.	Sponge do.
Grain'd upper leather	Box paste do.
Curried goat skins	Heel ball
Black and buff buckskins	Shoe brushes, &c. &c.

JOHN W. DAVIS,
JOHN N. POTTER.
Newport, April 30.

WANTED Immediately



TWO or Three Journeymen Shoemakers, for Men's work.—Apply to
DAVIS & POTTER.
Newport, Sept. 24.

AT A TOWN-MEETING,
Holden at the State-House, June 7th, 1831

VOTED, That the Collector of Taxes be and he is hereby authorized to allow one-half of one per cent per month, to all those who pay the full amount of their Taxes previous to the 1st of April, 1832, to commence at the time the Tax shall be assessed and ready for payment, under the regulations that have been or may be passed at this Meeting; no allowance to be made in the estimation of interest for the odd days.—*Also voted*, That the law, governing the Collection of Taxes, be strictly enforced against all those who shall neglect the payment of their Taxes within the time specified.
A true Copy;—Witness,
B. B. HOWLAND, *Town-Clerk.*

TAX, FOR 1831

THE Subscriber, Collector of the Town TAX voted in June last, hereby gives notice, that he has commenced the collecting of said Tax, and respectfully requests all those indebted, to pay the same without delay, at No. 9, Market-square.
JOSEPH MARTIN.
Newport, Oct. 20, 1831.

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Portsmouth, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the Creditors against the Estate of *CHARLES SLOCUM*, Esq. late of Portsmouth, deceased, represented insolvent, and six months from the date hereof being allowed for receiving said claims, we will attend at our respective places of abode until the 14th day of May next, and will also meet to receive said claims at the house of Oliver D. Greene, in said Portsmouth, on the 2d Mondays of April and May next, at 9 o'clock A. M.
Thomas Cory, jun.
John Cross,
Parker Hall, 1st. } *Commiss'rs*

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
MARK A. SLOCUM, *Adm'r.*
Portsmouth, Nov. 14, 1831.

Fall and Winter GOODS.
E. F. NEWTON,
Has Just Returned from BOSTON,
AND WILL OPEN THIS DAY,

18 CASES of Seasonable DRY GOODS, consisting of the most desirable selection ever offered in town. Purchasers are invited to look ! !
Newport, Saturday, Oct. 1st.

Sugar & Wines.

25 boxes super Brown Sugar
10 Casks Marseilles Madeira WINE,
10 do. sweet and Dry Malaga Do.
Just Received and for Sale low, by
S. NEWTON,
No. 150, Thames-Street.
Newport, Sept. 17.

Retailing Molasses.

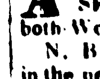
150 Hhds. Retailing MOLASSES, for Sale by
J. G. & S. WHITEHORNE.
ALSO, A few pieces of best Russia Duck
Newport, Oct. 8.

India Rubber Shoes.
Benj. Marsh, jun.
Has Just Received,

A New Lot of INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the very first quality, both Women's and Men's.

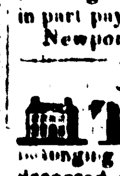
N. B.—Old India Rubbers repaired in the neatest and best manner, and those too far gone to be repaired, will be taken in part pay for a new pair.
Newport, Nov. 12.

For Sale,



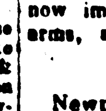
THE large and convenient Dwelling-House and Lot, belonging to the heirs of *Peleg Wood*, deceased, situate in Thames-Street, next north of the residence of S. T. Northam, Esq.—*Also* A Lot on the main road, near the Mills, containing about 6 Acres, now improved by Wm. Stewart.—For terms, apply to
S. FOWLER GARDNER, or
N. G. BOSS.
Newport, Nov. 19.

THE FARM,



ON PRUDENCE ISLAND, now occupied by *Daniel J. Weeden*, will be Rented for One Year from the 25th of March next. For terms, apply to David Buffum, George Engs, or at the R. I. Union Bank, Newport.—Applications for the purchase of said Farm will meet immediate attention and every information respecting its situation and fertility, will be given on application as above.
NICHOLAS G. BOSS, *Cashier.*
Newport, Nov. 26. 3w

For Sale,



THAT pleasantly situated Estate in Portsmouth, on the East road, formerly occupied by *Joseph Fish.*—It is about 9 miles from Newport, and consists of a very convenient two story Dwelling-House, a Store, and about 5 Acres of good Land, with an Orchard, a good well of water, and the necessary out buildings.—For further particulars, and terms, apply to
S. A. ROBINSON,
W. T. POTTER. } *Assignees to Joseph Fish.*
Newport, Sept. 17, 1831.

GOFF'S PATENT STOVE
For Cooking with Anthracite COAL.

THERE has hitherto been no Stove invented applicable to the use of Anthracite Coal with success in the operations of Cooking; they have all possessed the fault of imparting a scorching and too partial heat to the Oven; this disadvantage however, is entirely obviated in the one now offered to the public, by means of a revolving cylindrical Oven.

The Inventor has had one of them in use for two years, with great success, which has been inspected by many scientific persons, who have pronounced it to be the most complete and ingenous article of the kind, ever submitted to the attention of the public.—They may be viewed at the Work-shop of Mr. Chris. Sweet, on Gyles' Wharf, and after Tuesday next, in operation at the House of the Subscriber in Franklin street, between the hours of 11 and 12.
THO'S EVANS.
Newport, Nov. 12.

AT the Court of Probate held in this Town on the first Monday of Sept. inst. Wm. S. Nichols, Administrator on the Estate of JOHN SLOCUM, dec, moved said Court that the report of Claims examined and allowed against said Estate be referred back to said Commissioners.—The motion was sustained, and nine months from said first Monday in Sept. were allowed the creditors of said Slocum to present and prove their claims.—We will therefore attend at the Office of H. Y. Cranston, on the first, second and third Mondays in May, 1832, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose aforesaid.
HENRY Y. CRANSTON
ROBERT P. LEE,
JOHN WILLIAMS, jun. } *Com'rs*
Newport, Sept. 22, 1831.

J. L. CLARK'[illegible]
EXCHANGE,—168 Broadw[ay]
Three Doors below Maiden-La[ne]

THE above Establishment has r[illegible] gone into operation. Frequently [illegible] encing the many inconveniences that st[illegible] are subject to in transacting their busi[ness] this place, often in want of the convenie[nce] writing apparatus, and the means of asc[ertain]ing the different locations, &c. which th[ey may] be in pursuit of about the City and vici[nity] have taken the liberty to give the p[ublic a] general invitation to consider themse[lves at] home with me, while they remain in th[e city]. All the principal city papers, togeth[er with] most of the New-England, and the p[rincipal] Southern and Western; and a fair ass[ortment] of foreign papers are conveniently arra[nged for] the accommodation of the public. An[y nego]ciations, or any business that may fall [in the] line of a Stock and Exchange Broker, [will be] attended to with fidelity, punctuality [and des]patch.

Any Commissions with which my [friends] may favor me, will be complied with [to the] full letter of their instructions. Pleas[e] [illegible]
J. L. CLA[RK]
168, Broadway, New-York, or at the [illegible] Union Buildings, Provid[ence].
Providence, June 15.

THE LADY'S BOOK.—Publ[ished by] L. A. GODEY & Co. Philad[elphia]. The Work is issued in numbers on the [illegible] every month, printed on fine paper an[d] new type.

Every number will contain a piece [of music] on copper plate engraving, also at le[ast two] wood cuts, and every three months, [a] plate of the Fashions.

Subscription price Three Dollars payable in advance. A new volume just commenced, persons wishing to s[ubscribe] are requested to call and leave their [names].

The design of the Work has alre[ady been] fully stated in the Prospectus, and ma[y be] [readi]ly gathered from an inspection of its co[ntents]. To furnish a constant supply of usefu[l and ele]gant literature, selected with a vie[w to the] [gratifi]cation of all classes, but more p[articular]ly to the Ladies, has been, and will c[ontinue to] be the leading objects of the Publish[ers], from the evidences of success already [obtained] they have no reason to doubt the ent[ire accom]plishment of their purpose. Every [illegible] source from whence materials might [be gath]ered, has been laid under contribution [without] regard to expense. The best jour[nals] Foreign and American, are received [at the ear]liest dates, and from these, careful sel[ections of] the best articles will continue to be [made in] such a way as will most likely combi[ne] variety, utility, and interest.

Original articles, translations of foreign productions, are furnished [by able] hands, and the poetical department [is supplied] by the contributions of Authors of d[istinguish]ed reputation and merit. In a word, [no means] are left untried to make the Literar[y charac]ter of the work equal at least to an[y other pu]blication.

The Embellishments are of a ver[y superior] order. Engravings suited to the c[haracter of] the work, executed by the most skill[ful artists] are bound up with each number, acc[ompanied] by appropriate descriptions of the v[arious subj]ects.

Particular care has been taken to [render the] department of the Fashions and the [illegible] viting and attractive, to which end [every] style is explained and illustrated b[y] plate engravings.

Of the mechanical execution of the Publishers do not hesitate to spe[ak in terms] of strong commendation. For neat[ness, accu]racy, and beauty, they believe T[he Lady's] Book will not suffer in comparison [with any] work in this country.

☞ Subscriptions for the ab[ove] are received at this Office.
March 12, 1831.

Administrator's N[otice].

THE Subscriber having been [appointed] Administrator on the Estat[e of] *JAMES EASTON*, late of New[port], he therefore requests all persons [indebted] to said Estate, to present their [demands for] settlement, and those indebted, [to make] immediate payment to
HENRY Y. CRANSTON,
Newport, Nov. 7, 1831.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby giv[es notice] that he has been duly [appointed] and taken upon himself the tr[ust of Ad]ministrator on the Estate of
THOMAS POTTER
late of Portsmouth, dec. by gi[ving bond] as the law directs. He ther[efore re]quests all persons having any [demands] on said Estate, to present the[m for] settlement; and all indebted, [to make] immediate payment to
THOMAS POTTER, [illegible]
Portmouth, Sept. 14, 183[1].

PROBATE NOTIC[E].

Court of Probate, Newport, De[c.]

WHEREAS the final Admin[istration ac]count on Estate of Willia[m] [illegible] late of Newport, deceased, was th[is day pre]sented for examination, and a[llowance]; It is ordered, That the consideratio[n thereof be] referred to a Court of Probate, to b[e held at] the State-House in Newport on th[e] [illegible] day of Jan. next, at 9 o'clock A. M[. and that] previous notice be given (by publi[cation] of this order three several times [in the New]port Mercury) to all persons intere[sted in said] Estates, to appear at said time and [place].
By Order.
B. B. HOWLAND, *Prob[ate Clerk]*.

Court of Probate, Newport, De[c.]

WHEREAS application has [been] made for Administration o[n the estate] of GEORGE CLARKE, late of N[ewport]; It is ordered, That the consideratio[n thereof be] referred to a Court of Probate, to [be held at] the State-House in Newport, on th[e] [illegible] day of Jan next, at 9 o'clock A. M[. and that] previous notice be given, (by publi[cation] of this order three several times [in the New]port Mercury) to all persons inter[ested in said] Estate, to appear at said time and p[lace to be] heard.
By C[ourt].
B. B. HOWLAND, *Prob[ate Clerk]*.

Five dollars re[ward]

WILL be paid, for evide[nce suffi]cient to convict any P[erson com]mitting depredations upon th[e] out-buildings or lot, formerl[y occupied] by Debloie & Dickson as a Di[stillery]. Apply to CHARLES D[illegible]

fell from the gentleman from Kentucky, (Mr. Clay) to which Mr. H. most cordially assented. That it was of more importance to reduce the burthens imposed on the necessaries of life, than to pay off the public debt during the year 1833, the time designated by the Secretary of the Treasury. All who heard him, knew how anxious he was, and always had been, for the speedy extinguishment of the public debt; and that anxiety arose from the earnest desire to see the people relieved from the onerous burthens which were bearing them to the ground. Relieve us from taxation, said Mr. H., and I care not whether the trifling debt that now remains be paid in two or four years. God grant that this may be done at once, and that the burthens that weighed so heavily on the people might be brought down to the wants of the country. Let not gentlemen lay the flattering unction to their souls, that any modification of the tariff will satisfy the people of the United States, without bringing down the revenue to the wants of the country, without being a reduction of duties on articles of luxury and protected articles, as well as the necessaries of life; without relieving the poor as well as the rich, and leaving the burthen that remains to bear equally on all."

Mr. Chambers remarked that no good could result from the adoption of the report, and, upon his motion, it was laid upon the table.

The following bills were read, and ordered to a second reading: A bill providing for mounting and equipping a part of the army of the United States for the protection of the caravans trading to Mexico, introduced by Mr. Benton; a bill providing for the armament of certain fortifications of the United States, introduced by Mr. Smith; and a bill for providing indemnity for spoliations committed by the French prior to the year 1800, introduced by Mr. Wilkins. The last named bill was, on motion of Mr. W. and by unanimous consent, read a second time by its title, and referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Wilkins, Webster, Chambers, Brown, and Dudley. A resolution was submitted by Mr. Holmes, calling on the the President for information relative to the state of the trade between the United States and the British West-Indies, &c.

After acting on some Executive business, the Senate adjourned.

Wednesday, Dec. 21.

A message was received from the President transmitting information respecting tonnage duties levied at Martinique and Guadaloupe on American vessels, and on French vessels from those Islands to the United States.

Mr. Poindexter submitted the following resolutions:

1. *Resolved*, That the Committee on Finance be instructed to inquire into the expediency of fixing a rate of duties on foreign imports, not to exceed on any article imported into the United States more than 20 per cent. ad valorem, and not to reduce the duty on any article so imported, below ten per ct. ad valorem and to arrange such duties, having regard to all the great interests of the country, so as to produce a nett revenue of no less than fifteen millions of dollars annually.

2. *Resolved*, That the said committee be further instructed to inquire into the expediency of giving effect and operation to said system of duties on the 30th day of June next.

After transacting some Executive business, the Senate Adj.

Thursday, Dec. 22.

Agreeably to notice given, Mr. Poindexter asked and obtained leave to bring in a bill concerning Martha Randolph, daughter and only surviving child of Thomas Jefferson, deceased; which was twice read, and referred to a Select Committee.

On motion of Mr. Smith, the Senate resumed the consideration of the motions submitted by Mr. Holmes, for information touching the commerce and navigation of the United States with the British American continental and colonial ports, and the Swedish and Danish West Indies; and a statement of the duties paid on British and American vessels in the British West Indies; and, after some further discussion by Mr. Smith and Mr. Holmes, the said motions were agreed to.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Holmes:

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be requested to cause to be made a map of the disputed Northeastern boundary, showing the territory in dispute, and exhibiting the marks, monuments, natural and artificial, and to cause lithographic impressions thereof to be executed for the use of the Senate.

The Senate spent some time in Executive business, and then Adj.

Friday, Dec. 23.

Mr. Benton introduced a bill to reduce the price of the public lands.

The bill providing for the extinguishment of the Indian title to land in Illinois and Territory of Michigan, was passed.

At an early hour, the Senate adjourned over to Tuesday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, Dec. 19.

POSTAGE ON NEWSPAPERS.

Mr. Arnold presented the petition of Samuel Sloan, praying that newspapers and pamphlets may pass through the mail free of postage—that all printers and owners of printing presses and types may receive their letters free of postage—that after the public debt shall be paid off, all letters may be free—and that all newspapers in the United States be authorized to publish the laws, and to receive $100 for the publication. A very modest request. Mr Whittlesey from the committee of claims, reported thirty eight bills, for the relief of individuals, which were severally twice read, and made the order of the day for Tuesday.

Mr. Dearborn moved a resolution to instruct the committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of exempting from duty, tea, coffee, wines, pepper, spices, indigo and wool, the current market value of which does not exceed 12 cents a pound. A discussion arose on this resolution, and before any question was taken on it, the House adjourned.

Tuesday, Dec. 20.

Petitions and memorials were numerously presented this day, and the subjects of several of them underwent some discussion. A variety of private bills were reported and read twice, and referred to a Committee of the whole House. Mr. Clay, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill supplementary to the several laws for the sale of public lands; and Mr. Drayton, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill to regulate the pay and allowances of the officers of the army. Both of these bills were read twice. Mr Hoffman, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, introduced two bills, one for the construction of Naval Hospitals at Charlestown, Mass, Brooklyn, N. Y. and Pensacola, and the other to provide for the completion of the Naval Hospital at Norfolk, and the Naval Asylum at Philadelphia. The bills were severally read a first and second time, and committed to a Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union. Mr. Dearborn withdrew his resolution for the reduction of the duties on tea, wines spices, &c.

BLOCK ISLAND HARBOR.

Mr. Pearce submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce be instructed to inquire into the expediency of making an appropriation to defray the expenses of a survey of the creek, leading from the ocean into the large pond, on the west end of the island of Block Island, for the purpose of so far extending the width and deepening said creek, as to admit vessels to pass through the same to said pond, and thereby afford a safe and commodious harbor to the country.

M. Doddridge moved that the words "Internal Improvement" be substituted for "Commerce."

After some remarks from Mr. Pearce in favor of the reference to the Committee of Commerce.

Mr. Burges supposed, he said, that the Committee on Commerce had cognizance of all subjects relating to the country, while the Committee on Internal Improvements had charge of subjects relating to our internal trade.—The distinction was on the line dividing the committee with foreign nations from the commerce between the several States. Any thing relating to commerce between the States belonged to the Committee on Internal Improvement, because it took into consideration the medium, whether roads or canals through which that commerce was carried on: on the other hand, whatever relates to harbors and other facilities for the prosecution of foreign trade was within the province of the Committee on Commerce. This question originated in this way. Block Island had no harbor, and shipwrecks occurred there very frequently on that account. But there was a large sheet of water on the island, communicating with the sea by a neck, which would form the best harbor in the country with the exception of Newport harbor. That port it was proposed to deepen so as to make it navigable for ships. This was, therefore, a question not of commerce between State and State, but of foreign commerce and navigation. He was at a loss to know, by what rule of construction, this subject could be considered as belonging to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

The question being taken on the motion to amend by referring the resolution to the Committee on Internal Improvements—it was decided in the affirmative by a vote of 80 to 64.

The House then adjourned.

Wednesday, Dec. 21.

A great number of resolutions were offered, adopted, and referred; among which was a resolution by Mr. Carson, instructing the Committee on the District of Columbia to inquire into the expediency of allowing to the District of Columbia a Delegate in Congress.

After transacting some private business, the House Adj.

Thursday, Dec. 22.

Many resolutions were offered and adopted, among which were the following: by Mr. Bouldin for an inquiry into the comparative cost of various articles of merchandise in this country, and in those from which they are usually imported—having particular reference to woollen goods, of the various qualities; by Mr. Drayton, instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the expediency of making compensation to American citizens, for losses sustained by French spoliations, committed prior to September, 1800; by Mr. Blair, of Tennessee, for appropriating the proceeds of the sales of public lands among the several States and Territories.

The Committee on Commerce reported a bill appropriating $3000 to be distributed to the crew of the Spanish brig Leon, Capt. Soto, for their services and losses in rescuing the crew and passengers of the American ship Minerva, when wrecked on Bahama Bank.

Mr. Hainter offered a resolution, That the Post Master General be directed to furnish the House with the annual amount of postage received on newspapers and periodicals for the preceding five years, designating the amount received on each. Also, his views on the expediency or inexpediency of abolishing the postage on newspapers and periodicals, or either of them. Adj.

Friday, Dec. 24.

After receiving petitions, a variety of bills were acted on. Among them, was one introduced by the Committee on Naval Affairs, to compensate Mrs Susan Decatur, the widow of Com. Decatur, for services rendered by her husband in the destruction of the frigate Philadelphia. It was read twice and committed.

Mr. McDuffie, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the general appropriation bill for 1832.

Nearly thirty private bills were passed, and at 3 o'clock the House adjourned till Tuesday next.

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 27.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By the Packet ship Sheffield, arrived last evening from Liverpool, we have received London papers to the 8th, and Liverpool to the 9th of November.

The state of England continues to be alarming and that riots and burnings are the order of the day

Sir Frances Burdet, has placed himself at the head of the Union Clubs.

An order from the English government to detain the vessels fitted out for Don Pedro's expedition against Don Miguel, had created a strong sensation in London. A great number of men have been enlisted for the service, principally from among pensioned soldiers from the British army, being still able bodied men. Depots were established in various parts for receiving these recruits.

The London Times, referring to the Address of the Polish Refugees to their fellow-countrymen, says, "between 30,000 and 40,000 of the best citizens of Poland are now in foreign lands.—They have the example of the 'Polish Legion' before them, and intend, like it, to become a nation without a country, till happier times restore them to the banks of the Vistula, and the possessions of their ancestors. The Poles have neither ships of their own country to carry them, nor colonies on which to retire; but they will find the means of transport across the Atlantic from strangers, and may carry their household goods to a land of freedom, where, among the people who gave an asylum to Koskiusko, they may wait for the result of European revolutions, and the return of more propitious days for liberty."—The reader is requested to read attentively the last sentence of the Address.

Liverpool, Nov. 9—The state of the country is one of great and dangerous excitement. This cannot be doubted; it has been proclaimed in character of of fire and blood at Bristol, at Derby, and at Nottingham; and how soon we may have a repetition of such scenes is beyond the power of man to determine. The amount of damage done through the riots at Nottingham Castle, Colwick-hall, and Beeston silk mill, it is supposed, is more than 50,000*l*.

The Cholera.—The alarm in respect to the Cholera in England, had in a great measure subsided. A letter from Alexandria, in Egypt, dated Sept. 23d states that the disease had entirely ceased at Cairo, and that at Alexandria the number of cases had diminished to 8 or 10 cases in a day. According to the official returns published in Hungary, the cholera had visited 2,262 towns and villages in that kingdom One thousand and one places were again free from the scourge. The total number of cases to the 18th of October, 335,734, of deaths 151,734. At Vienna, (including the suburbs) 56 new cases occurred on the 22d. The total number of cases in that capital to that day, 2,804; of deaths, 1,297; remaining, 298. A Hamburg letter of Oct. 21st says, "The cholera, I assure you, looks far more dreadful at a distance—it is by no means contagious—not an idea of it; it lies in the atmosphere, the air being quite sulphurous, and we have summer weather; besides it attacks only the lowest class of people, hard drinkers, people who live in other respects badly, and such as these from 10 to 15 daily die."

CHOLERA IN ENGLAND.

London, Nov. 5th.—There appears no reason to doubt that the spasmodic cholera has made his appearance in Sunderland, having been transported thither through the medium of one or more Hamburg ships, the crews having broke the quarantine regulations, by ranging about the shores of the river. Four or five deaths are said (but with what truth we know not) to have already taken place.

Nov. 8.—The cholera panic seems to have pretty well subsided by this time. There are no new cases from Sunderland, and those which have been reported are now doubted, if not denied. The public, we think, may make their minds easy on the subject for the present, not omitting the precautions which reason suggests, while the scourge is in its progress in any quarter of Europe.

London, Nov. 8.—Two couriers, with despatches from Paris and St. Petersburgh, arrived at the Russian embassy on Sunday night; and the Chevalier Polenski left town last night with despatches for Russia.

Berlin, Oct 24—It is said that our Cabinet is seriously negociating with the Cabinet of St. Petersburgh to divert the Northern colossus from its warlike intentions with respect to France, which is the subject that engages all the thoughts of the Emperor: he already sees Paris reduced to ashes, and the Parisians at his feet asking pardon. It is a gigantic idea, worthy of the haughty and enterprising character of Nicholas, to which Prussia can oppose only the language of persuasion to obtain a peace so advantageous to the country.

BELGIUM.

Brussels, Nov. 4.—The decision of the Belgian Senate on the acceptation of the 24 Articles of Peace, as proposed by the Conference of London, was pronounced yesterday, when on a division there were 35 votes in favor, and 8 votes against it. Two abstained from voting.

POLAND.

Warsaw, Oct. 25.—News was received here yesterday that the fortress of Zamose had submitted at discretion to the clemency of his Majesty the Emperor and King. The garrison consists of 4,200 men.

According to a census of Warsaw just taken, the population is 113,943, being a decrease in one year of 25,0[illegible].—The Imperial Guards had left the capital to go into winter quarters.—Count Henry Lubinski, Director of the Polish Bank, returned the 20th, and brought with him the funds of the Bank untouched, which the Revolutionary Government carried away when it left Warsaw on the 8th.

Address to the Poles, by their countrymen in England and France.

Poles!—Confident in the enlightened spirit of the age, and in the sanctity of your cause, you rose to throw off the yoke of the oppressor. The world, in astonishment, has witnessed your achievements; but nations whom honor, duty, and even interest command to assist you, have pusillanimously betrayed the common cause. Future ages will show how base was their conduct, how short sighted their policy. The contest is at an end: the sword of the Autocrat has triumphed. Europe, by her callous indifference to your misfortunes, participates in the unhallowed act. Poland is no more: erased from the list of nations, she is doomed anew to a long slavery.

Countrymen!—What can we expect from the conqueror? His rage and fury we have already defied, and if any unexpected effort of humanity should attempt to spare our sufferings, feelings of patriotism would be more deeply wounded than they have ever been by every cruelty and torture formely devised to suppress them; for what, short of the independence of Poland, can satisfy men who have sworn to die for her freedom?

Poles!—You have hitherto done all that became a great and noble nation. You have spared no sacrifice to attain your great object; thousands of your brave bretheren have already sealed with their blood their greatest compact with Heaven to die for their country. But if the sword of the enemy has spared our lives, let us remember that we are bound to devote every hour that remains to us to emulate the heroes that have fallen, and whose honor and glory is our most sacred trust. No inducement of fortune, rank, or interest shall betray us into any act unworthy of our most solemn vows; these must be guarded as spotless as the name of Pole, which will henceforward be left to Europe as that of patriotism and devotion.

Poles! let us leave that wretched country now no more our own, though soaked with the best blood of her defenders—let us leave Europe a heartless spectator of our struggle and our despair. America is the only country worthy of affording an asylum to men who have sacrificed every thing for freedom; there Poland will be enshrined in our hearts, and Heaven will perhaps bless our devotion.

London, Nov. 8.

Commercial letters from Amsterdam speak of a new claim having been raised by the King of Holland. He says to England—"In 1814 you pretended that my continental states were too confined, and not proportionate to my colonies; consequently you gave me Belgium for the Cape of Good Hope, Demerara, and other possesions, which were allotted to you, and are now in your possesion.—As you wish me to renounce Belgium, restore my colonies. I paid for Belgium before I took possession of it; is it not just that the price should be restored to me?" This, say the same letters, accounts for the delay in the acceptance of the famous protocol, and the hesitation of the English squadron to enter the Scheldt.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

SATURDAY MORNING, DEC

THE GENERAL ASSEMBL

Of this State, will convene at Provi on Monday, Jan. 9th, agreeably to adj ment.

CONGRESS.

Our Congressional Journal will be interesting.—The ordinary public bu seems to have been matured in due The annual appropriation bill for 183 been already introduced, and an u number of private bills, two-thirds of for claims against the government, passed the House, at this early stage session.

Congress adjourned from Frida Tuesday last, on account of the holi

FOREIGN NEWS.

By arrivals at New-York from Live London papers to Nov. 8th have bee ceived.—Such extracts as contain a telligence of importance, will be fou der out foreign head.

The panic in England, excited by cases of cholera morbus in Sunderlan pears to have subsided. The tenden civil disturbance does not, however, to be allayed. Several parts of the try are in an unquiet state, and many ings have been set on fire by incendia

Belgium, it appears, has accepted conditions dictated to her by the A Powers, but Holland yet manifests reluctance to submit to their interfere

In France, the Peerage Bill seems li to meet with a violent opposition in Chamber of Peers.

The emigrant Poles have issued a clamation, calling on their countrym seek an asylum in the United Sta The Paris papers of Nov. 1st, in no the situation of the Poles, thus rem

"The Polish refugees who have able to reach Paris have found an chiefly through the efforts of Ge Lafayette. They exhibit letters reach them every post from the P sian frontier, describing the cruel ment of their unfortunate brethren the Russian authorities. Those after the fall of Modlin, returned seek their former homes and fami and who relied upon the amnesty of Russian Generalissimo, have b according to these letters, treated the utmost harshness when they so the restoration of any portion of spoliation perpetrated upon their p perty while in the occupation of Russian soldiery. Indeed, gener all who have not prostrated the mek before the conqueror have been tre with disdain and contumely.

INVESTIGATION.—The Commit appointed to investigate the charges agai Free-Masonry, &c. in this State, met Wednesday last, agreeably to notice Several witnesses, (both masons and masons) have been examined.—Only of the Committee, (Mr. Hazard,) atte at these examinations.

Reduction of Duties.—After this (Dec. 31st, 1831,) the following duties be levied on Teas imported from China, other places east of the Cape of Good Ho in vessels of the United States, viz On Bohea, 4 cents per lb.; Black, Green 12; Hyson and Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder and Gomee, 25 c

Coffee will pay a duty of only 1 c per pound.

Salt will pay a duty of 10 cents per bu of 56 pounds.

Revenue Cutters.—We learn, the Secretary of the Treasury has direc the several Revenue Cutters to cruise the Coast, from the Chesapeake Bay Maine, for the purpose of affording ass ance to distressed vessels bound in. T Cutter Vigilant, Capt. Cahoone, is direc to cruise between Point Judith and Vineyard Sound; and the Cutter Wol from Montaug to Point Judith. The C ters are well supplied with the necessa for the relief of vessels in distress.

Thirteen hundred dollars were collec last week, in two days, in Salem, for purpose of affording aid to the poor, par cularly in the article of fuel.

GEORGIA.—Resolutions have pas the Senate of Georgia, affirming that State "will not compromit her dignity sovereign State" by becoming a party any proceedings before the Supreme Cou authorising the Governor to disregard mandates, &c. of that tribunal, and requ ing him to resist by all the powers a means at his disposal, "every invasion, fro whatever direction it may come, upon th administration of the criminal laws" of th State.

The Baltimore American of Saturd last, says, "we feel great satisfaction saying, that all apprehensions with rega to Mr. Wirt's safety is happily over, a that a few days will, in all probabilit restore him to his accustomed health."

R. VAN BUREN.—The National lligencer of Monday last, has the following remarks on the nomination of Van Buren :—

ome interest begins to be manifested rivate circles, as well as among our t men, upon the probability of the irmation or rejection of Mr. VAN EN's nomination as Minister to lon. It is known to be, with some r of the late nominations to high e, before the Senate. There are y members of that body, we underl, who are so seriously offended at tone of the instructions given by that leman, when Secretary of State, to Minister at London, that they will at ground alone endeavor to procure rejection of the nomination. Others e are, Members of the Senate, who supposed to have objections to Mr. Buren, of a very different nature. probably equally influential against confirmation of his nomination.

he Washington Globe of Monday last, tions, that despatches and journals from nta had been received at the Department of State, to the same purport with intelligence brought to New-York by ast arrival, viz. that the Republic of mbia has ceased to exist, and that in lace we shall hereafter find, on the of South-America, three separate and pendent States, viz. Venezuela, Newnada and the Equator.

OUTH-CAROLINA.—The bill giving the tion of Electors of President and Viceident of the United States to the peof South-Carolina, has been postponed finitely by the Legislature of that e.

ishop ENGLAND, of Charleston, S. C. recently invited to attend a "Union State Rights" dinner, but was obliged ecline the invitation. The following extract from his letter to the committee of arrangements :—

I am free to confess that it is possithe general government, sustained majority of the States, might viothe constitution, or that under its ne, they might ruinously oppress the ority. In such a case, if remonance shall fail, nature, the laws of iety, and even the regulations of ven would proclaim the proper and ectual alternative. I trust neither nor your children's children, will r have to resort thereto.

I believe the great principles of what nown as the American system, were contemplated by the framers of the stitution, and are not likely to be ed upon our confederacy. The it which is now abroad, will I trust the peace upon our land, but for a e we must bear with each other.'

he Steam-Packet Benjamin Franklin, t. R. S. Bunker, left here on Tuesday rnoon for New-York, being her last for the season.—The Franklin, (in adon to her wood, &c.) carried on freight, 0 boxes of Raisins, part of the cargo of brig Soto, from Malaga, put into this in distress.

Capt. R. S. Bunker has made this sea, one hundred and sixty-five passages nd from New-York, without losing a , or the occurrence of a single accit to his boat, or passengers.

UTY ON COAL.—The N. Y. Evening of Saturday last, publishes a Memorial essed to Congress by the citizens of -York, praying for a reduction of the on foreign Coal. It has received a number of signatures, and been forded to Washington.

he Legislature of Missouri have nomid Col. Richard M. Johnston, of Keny, as a candidate for the Vice-Presiy.

he Book-store of Messrs. T. & J. rds, in Broadway, New-York, was ed on Monday morning last ; the loss timated at $6,000.

n Friday evening last, a riot took place e Theatre in Providence, in conseqce of the stage manager's refusing to he after-piece proceed—lamps were n, seats torn up, and property desd in all directions.

LT.—The Baltimore American of rday says :—" A gentleman who hed this city yesterday by land from rset county, states that the stock ceries and other goods on sale in various towns on the Eastern , was extremely limited. Of salt, ularly, there was a great scarcity, one of the towns where a dealer small quantity on hand, it was at five dollars per bushel, three rs having been offered and re."

t the late Court of Common Pleas rovidence it was decided that lottery ets were not goods, wares and merndise. The action was brought to ver the amount of account for lot tickets sold to defendant and charg n account. It was decided that ery tickets were not a subject of k account, but merely choses in ac, like promissory notes, bills of exge, bank bills &c.

DEATH OF STEPHEN GIRARD, Esq.—The Philadelphia papers of Tuesday announce the death of this celebrated man. He died between 3 and 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon, of the prevailing influenza. The United States Gazette says, Mr. Girard was a native of Bordeaux, in France, and, at a very early period he embraced a sea faring life.—He came to this country a considerable time before the American revolution, and resided in that city upwards of 50 years.

Up to the year 1811, Mr. Girard was exclusively engaged in commerce, which he pursued with unwearied and successful industry. But when the Congress of that year committed an act of almost political suicide, by destroying the charter of the Old Bank of the United States, or what amounted to the same thing, refused to renew it, Mr. Girard purchased the building which belonged to the institution, and commenced the business of a banker. The liberality and good faith with which he conducted the banking establishment, and the immense benefit he thereby afforded to commerce, are well known to that community. Of late years, Mr. Girard has improved and embellished the city by a vast number of elegant and substantial buildings. In the year 1793, when the yellow fever first made its appearance and spread its ravages through the city, Mr. Girard was a constant attendant at Bush Hill Hospital, regardless of personal danger, attending the sick and dying, and using his best efforts to stay the raging pestilence.

Mr. Girard has left the largest fortune, perhaps, in the new world. In what manner he has disposed of it is, of course, not yet made known. His loss will be deeply felt by that city, particularly by the commercial part of the community.

The National Gazette says, "that Mr. Girard's nett capital has been supposed to be ten millions of dollars.

The New York Gazette of Wednesday says :—" We learn from Capt. Curtis of the brig Ann Eliza Jane, arrived yesterday from Pernambuco, that he was detained there six days, owing to an insurrection which broke out between the old Portuguese and Brazilians. The latter wished to drive the former from the place, but fearing afterwards that the natives or negroes would in turn drive them away, they came to an understanding. The country was very unsettled."

Malbone Briggs, and his two sons, were committed to the State's Prison, at Charlestown, Mass. last week. The father and seven children have been in this institution within a few years.—Probably no single family in the State has furnished so many members for the public service.

It is stated in the Providence Journal of Monday, that the Block Calico printers in the employment of Messrs. Crocker, Richmond & Co. Taunton, have turned out, because the Company wished to learn the trade to some American boys, and have advertised for 70 apprentices of American parentage.

In Baltimore, the enterprising merchants have subscribed the whole stock for to purchase a suitable steam-boat, to keep the navigation open during the winter, and tow vessels to and from sea at all seasons ; they will find their account in it.

A plot among the negroes in Fayetteville, Tenn. has been confessed by a female slave, the object of which was to fire some building, and amid the confusion to seize upon the weapons of their masters, and commence a general massacre. A Shelbyville paper says, " many of those engaged in this hellish conspiracy, *have been slashed* with all the severity their diabolical schemes deserved."

CAPTURE OF THIEVES.—A gang of eleven boys and girls from the age of 19 to 14, was seized in Philadelphia on Friday They had formed a copartceny in larceny, and stole every thing they could lay their hands upon. It was carried to a common depot, and the proceeds equally divided. Many others are said to have been associated with them in this systematic plan of villainy.

MEXICO.—Captain Clark arrived yesterday in 27 days from Tampico, informs that the country was in a very unsettled state. The Vice President, who was still in charge of the duties of the government, in the absence of the President, had openly declared that he would support his claim to the Presidency with arms. He had called upon all the officers of the customs to send all the monies received into the Custom house to Mexico.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

At Louisville, 12th inst. the Ohio was frozen across, and there was no prospect of its opening for a month ; greatly disappointing merchants and others.

On Monday afternoon about two hundred persons crossed from the Ferry at the foot of Fulton street, New York to Brooklyn upon the ice—a hand cart too, laden with merchandize, was dragged across. Later in the afternoon the steamboats were plying !

The Nantucket Inquirer says, Wood has been sold in that town for sixteen dollars per cord, and that prices are merely nominal, for there is no fuel to be obtained. Wood and coal are very much wanted and would command almost any price. The harbor however, is closed up.

The sum of $269,443 has been paid this year to the collector at Albany, for N. Y. Canal Tolls, being $57,387 more than last year.

The two Baptist Churches in Salem, and one in Danvers, were closed on Sunday last, the clergymen being disabled from preaching by the prevalent influenza.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

The number of deaths in New-York, last week, was 203—about one half of which were under ten years of age.

The deaths during the last week, in Philadelphia, was 175.

Master Burke has sent the Mayor and Aldermen of Boston, the sum of $100, to purchase fuel for the poor.

John Coffee has been sentenced to be hung in Columbia, Tenn. next February, for the murder of his wife. At the same time two men were convicted of perjury, and one of forgery

The citizens of Portland determined on Monday last, by a vote of 460 to 400, to adopt a city form of government.

The Baltimore Gazette states, that the Rail Road has been of great service in supplying the city with wood, the price of which indispensable article having therefore kept down to $5 per cord, whilst some of the neighboring cities have been obliged to pay nearly three times that price.

☞ *NOTICE.*—The Members of the RELIEF SOCIETY, and those wishing to become Members, are requested to meet at the Savings Bank Room, on Saturday, January 7th, at 6 o'clock P. M.

BRIGHTON MARKET.—*Monday, Dec* 26
(Reported for the Boston Patriot & Chronicle)

At Market this day, 735 Beef Cattle ; 84 Stores, 900 Sheep, and 680 Swine.—About 430 swine, have been before reported.

PRICES.—*Beef Cattle*—In consequence of the limited number at market, an attempt was made to advance the price—some qualities may have sold higher. Our quotations will be about the same. One yoke were taken at $5 75 ; extra $5 25 a 5 50, prime $5 a 5 12, good 4 67 a 4 84 ; thin $3 25 a 4 50.

Barrelling Cattle.—Mess $4 12 a 4 25, No. 1 $3 62 a $3 75.

Stores and Working Oxen.—But little doing.

Cows and Calves.—Sales were effected at $19, 21, 22, 24, and $25.

Sheep.—A few sales only were effected—no prices were noticed.

Swine—Dull, buyers not plenty—a few were retailed at 3 a 4 cts. for sows, and 4 a 5 cts. for barrows.

(From the Boston Courier.)

Prices of WOOL at Boston, Dec. 26.—Prime or Saxony Fleeces, 65 a 75 cents per lb. ; American full blood washed wool, 60 to 65 cts. ; do. 3-4 do. 56 to 62 ; 1-2 do. 50 to 53 ; 1-4 do. 45 to 50 ; superfine pulled lambs, 60 to 65 ; 1st sort, 55 to 60 ; 2d do. 42 to 45 ; 3d do. 35 to 38 ; spinning 1st sort, 48 to 50 cts. per lb.

WOOL.—The operations in this article during the week have not been of sufficient magnitude to claim particular attention, sales continue to be made in limited quantities. The market is in an unsettled state, and our quotations for most descriptions should be considered as nominal. There has been some inquiry for fleece wool, and we shall probably soon be able to state sales to considerable extent.

MARRIED,

At Fairhaven on Sunday evening last, Mr. William T. Boyd, of Portsmouth, R. I. to Miss Salvina W. Welden, daughter of Capt. Joseph Whelden.

At Georgetown, D. C. Lieut. Edmund French, of the U. S. Army, to Miss Louisa Beall, daughter of the late Major Lloyd Beall.

DIED,

In this Town on the 17th inst. Mrs. Dorcas Lake, widow of Mr. Jonathan Lake, aged 34 years.

On Saturday last, Mrs. Hannah Reynolds, widow of Mr. Benjamin Reynolds, aged 84 years.

On Monday evening last, Mrs. Sarah Tew, widow of Col. William Tew, aged 78 years.

At East-Greenwich on Wednesday last, Mr. James A. Burrill, jun. aged 23 years.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1831. DECEMBER.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water	Moon rises
31 Saturday,	7 30	4 30	5 34	4 58
JAN.1, Sunday,	7 29	4 31	6 23	5 53
2 Monday,	7 28	4 32	7 9	sets.
3 Tuesday,	7 27	4 33	7 56	5 20
4 Wednesday,	7 26	4 34	8 43	6 13
5 Thursday,	7 25	4 35	9 30	7 8
6 Friday,	7 24	4 36	10 19	8 8

New Moon 2d day, 10h. 27m. in Evening.

Ship News.

PORT OF NEWPORT.

ARRIVED,

Sunday, Dec. 25.—Brig Horizon, Carr, 10 days from Savannah for Providence.—Sailed in co. with Ship Tybee, Wood, for New York, and brig William, for Boston.—Dec. 21st, lat. 39 10, long 74, spoke brig Eliza, from Maraicabo for Philadelphia.

Brigs Frances Ann, Page, of Hartford, and Shibboleth, Andrews, both 10 days from Savannah for Providence.

Schr Mile, Wilbour, 12 days from Wilmington for Providence.

Schr Mount-Hope, Wixson, 10 days from Ocracoke for Providence.

Schr Louisa, Bartol, 5 days from Portland for New-York.

Sloop Lafayette, Crowell, from New-York for Providence.

Sailed this morning, Ship Roy, Pitman, for Matanzas ; passengers, Lieut. Gov. C. Collins, owner, and Mr. James D'Wolf, jr. of N. York.—Sch'r Fox, Newton, for Havana, and several coasters for southern ports.

Monday, Dec. 26.—Steam-Packet Benjamin Franklin, Capt. R. S. Bunker, 14 hours from New-York, with 70 passengers.—Capt. Bunker left here this morning for Bristol, to land his passengers, but finding the river closed 4 miles below that place, and to the north end of this Island, was compelled to return.

Sloop Charles, Blake, from New-York.

Tuesday, Dec. 27.—Sloop Floret, Ward, 4 days from Boston for Bridgeport, Conn.

Packets Providence, Brown ; Ann, Manchester ; and Meridian, Gladding, all from New-York.

Sailed, Sch'rs China, Smith, for New-York ; Abigail, Norris, for Boston.

Wednesday, Dec. 28.—Sch'r Telegraph, Nickerson, 6 days from Portsmouth, N. H. for New-York.

Friday, Dec. 30.—Sloop Amity, Munro, 20 hours from New-York.

CLEARED,

Ship Elisha Dennison, West,	New-York
Brig Soto, Steingardt,	ditto
Schr Cottage, Stull,	ditto

MARINE MEMORANDA.

At Cowes Nov. 5th, Ship Constitution, Dayton, from Savannah.

At Charleston, Dec. 18th, Sch'r Agnes, Swasey, from St. Augustine.—Sailed, schr Reaper for New-Orleans.

At Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 1st, Brig Sea-Bird, Carr, from Baltimore, just arrived.

Sailed from New-Orleans Dec. 10th, Schr Babcock, Northam, for Franklin, (Lou.)—Cleared, Ship Marengo, Wood, for Havre.

At Gibraltar Oct. 24th, Brig Ann Gadsden, Northam, 34 days from London.

At Havana Dec. 3d, Brig Aldebaranto, Church, from Bristol.—5th, Schr Enterprize, Burdick, from this port.

Barque Richmond, Burroughs, from Providence for Savannah, was spoken 19th inst.

Ship Pearl, from Canton, has arrived in the Delaware.

Ship Hoogly, Baron, from Batavia for Boston, with a full cargo of coffee, went ashore on Nantucket Beach, in the snow storm on Wednesday night ; the ship remained tight on Thursday, and she was expected to be got off, by taking out part of the cargo.

The sloop Telescope, Hart, of this port, (mentioned in our last as having been towed into Mobile, dismasted, by the British barque Ann) has been sold on account of the underwriters, the sloop for $1210, and cargo for $150. One fourth has been awarded to the capt. and crew of the Ann, for salvage.

Bank of Rhode-Island,

THE Stockholders are notified, That their Annual Meeting for the choice of Directors, will be holden at said Bank on Monday, the 2d of January next, at 10 o'clock A. M.—Also, That a semi-annual Dividend of Profits, will be declared and paid at said Bank on the 2d day of January next, to such persons as shall appear by the Books of the Institution, to be Stockholders therein, on Thursday, the 29th inst.

By Order,
S. FOWLER GARDNER, *Cashier.*
Newport, Dec. 22.

Rhode-Island Union Bank.

A General Meeting of the Stockholders of the R. I. Union Bank, will be held at their Banking-house on Tuesday, Jan. 3d, 1832, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the election of Directors, and transaction of such other business as may come before them.

A semi-annual Dividend will be paid, on and after Monday, the 2d of January, to those who are Stockholders in said Bank on the 26th inst. *By Order,*
N. G. BOSS, *Cashier.*
Newport, Dec. 21.

N. E. Commercial Bank,

THE Stockholders are notified, That a semi-annual Dividend of three and a half per cent. on the Capital Stock is this day declared, payable on and after Monday, the 2d day of January next, to such as appear by the books of the Institution, to be holders of Stock on the 24th inst.—And that their Annual Meeting for the election of Directors, will be held at the Bank on Tuesday, the 3d day of January next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors,
G. T. WEAVER, *Cashier.*
Newport, Dec. 20, 1831.

Connecticut Lot'ry No. 40
DRAWS THIS DAY.
$12,000 high't prize
Tickets $5,—Parts in proportion.

Maine St. Lot'ry, cl. 6, ex.
DRAWS ON MONDAY,
$5,000 highest prize
Tickets $2—Parts in proportion.

Continued Unprecedented Luck at the Old Office ! ! !

Comb. 15 44 59 in the R. I. Literature Lottery, class 30th, drawn on Wednesday last, came up a Prize of **$1,000**—the Half Ticket of which was sold by the Subscriber, being the Third Thousand Dollar Prize sold at my Office, within the last four weeks—More Prizes are coming !

J. C. SHAW.

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS,
Apply at the Old Truly Fortunate Office of
J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Dec. 31.

WANTED Immediately,

A SMART and intelligent Lad, 14 or 15 years of age, as an Apprentice to the Printing Business, in a neighbouring Town.—To such a one, good encouragement will be given, and no other need apply.—Enquire at this Office.

Newport, Nov. 26.

AUCTIONS.

Furniture at Auction.

On WEDNESDAY NEXT.
At X o'clock A. M will be Sold at Auction, at the House formerly occupied by Capt. E. TAYER, near the State House.

THE Household FURNITURE of a person about to retire from house-keeping ; the Furniture is in good preservation, and will be sold without reserve.

WM. LOVIE, *Auc'r.*

☞ The articles may be examined two days previous to the sale, by application to E. W. LAWTON.
Newport, Dec. 31.

Valuable Real Estate at Auction.

On WEDNESDAY, Feb. 1st,
Will be Sold at Public Auction, at TOWNSEND's Coffee-House.

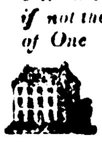
THE FARM on the South end of Prudence Island, formerly owned by DANIEL CHASE, containing about 650 Acres, with a Brick Dwelling House, and out-houses in good substantial order, and possessing an invaluable privilege of sea manure.

The situation of this FARM, in the centre of Narraganset Bay, commanding an extensive view of the beautiful scenery of Rhode-Island, its vicinity to Newport, Bristol and Providence, renders it an object of purchase particularly worthy the attention of the Capitalist.—The premises can be viewed at any time upon application to the tenant, and all other information obtained upon application at the Rhode-Island Union Bank, Newport.—The terms of payment will be liberal, and title is unquestionable.

NICHOLAS G. BOSS, *Cashier.*
Newport, Dec. 24.

TO LET at Public Auction,

On MONDAY, Feb. 6, 1832, at One o'clock P. M. on the premises, (if fair, if not the first day after) for the term of One Year.



THE FARM situated in Portsmouth, now in the Possession of JOHN M'CORRIE, containing 120 Acres of good Land, with the Dwelling-House and Buildings thereto belonging. Conditions made known at the time and place. GARDNER THOMAS.
Portsmouth, Dec. 30, 1831.

TO LET,

A FARM on the South end of Conanicut Island containing 200 Acres, for 5 years.—Possession given the 25th March next.—Apply to R. K. RANDOLPH, Esq. Newport, or to the Subscriber at Providence.

H. B. LYMAN.
Providence, Dec. 26, 1831.

NEW GOODS.

CIRCASSIANS.—English, German and French MARINOS.—Cassimeres, Sattinetts, &c.—Just Opened, & will be sold Cheap, at

TILLEY'S
Newport, Dec. 30.

Connectic Lottery, No. 40
DRAWS THIS DAY.
$12,000 high't prize
25 Prizes of $1000.
Tickets $5—parts in proportion.

Maine St Lottery, cl. 6, ex
DRAWS ON MONDAY.
$5,000 highest prize
Tickets $2.—Parts in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS.
May be had at the Lottery Office of
S. CAHOONE,
Newport, Dec. 31.

LIST of Combination Numbers, drawn in
Maine State Lottery class 11,
40 45 43 11 31 31 26 10 7 3
Connecticut Lottery, No 35, ex.
25 27 15 48 38 45 44 4 54
R I. Lit. Lottery, No. 30.
59 50 33 44 53 25 26 15 31
Newport, Dec. 30.

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Portsmouth, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the Creditors against the Estate of *CHARLES SLOCUM*, Esq. late of Portsmouth, deceased, represented insolvent, and six months from the date hereof being allowed for receiving said claims, we will attend at our respective places of abode until the 14th day of May next, and will also meet to receive said claims at the house of Oliver D. Greene, in said Portsmouth, on the 2d Mondays of April and May next, at 9 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS CORY, jun.
JOHN CROSS, } *Commiss'rs*
PARKER HALL, 1st.

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
MARK A. SLOCUM, *Adm'r.*
Portsmouth, Nov. 14, 1831.

PRINTED CALICOES, FOR CASH.

Waterston Pray, & Co.
No. 6, Kilby-Street, BOSTON.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

A GREAT Variety of PRINTED CALICOES and Coloured CAMBRICS, which they sell in lots to suit purchasers a very low prices for Cash only.

Boston, Feb. 22, 1831.

Dr. Kittredge's
VEGETABLE
PULMONIC DROPS.

MR. DAM has recently received from one of the first families in this City, Dr Benjamin's Kittredge's Recipe for preparing his PULMONIC DROPS. As they were so well known in his practice, further comment is esteemed unnecessary. The reasons assigned for presenting this to him, were, that it might be continued for the benefit of the community. Several of the connexions of this family have been cured in a few weeks by using these invaluable Drops. They could not obtain the recipe from him on any other condition, than not to show it out of the family as long as he lived. Mr. Dam confidently offers these Drops to the public as the best article for all pulmonary complaints which has ever been produced —price 50 cents per bottle. For sale, wholesale and retail, by the Proprietor, 29 Prince-street, Boston. *LEADER DAM*, who keeps constantly for sale the following articles of his own manufacture;—Cream of Amber, for removing Pimples and Freckles; Balm of Egypt for Coughs, Asthma, Consumptions and Hooping Cough; Patten's Pile Electuary and Ointment, an infallible remedy for the Piles; Anderson's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes; Galen's Ointment, and Galen's Restorative Elixir, a positive cure for all scrofulous complaints; Galen's Anti-Bilious Pills, the best article in the country to sweeten the breath, and free the stomach from bile; German Rheumatic Drops and Galen's Restorative Elixir, the only article yet known that would effectually cure the Rheumatism; Dr. Randall's Tooth Powder, the best article to preserve the teeth from decaying, & for whitening the teeth ever discovered; German Tooth-Ache Drops the first article that was ever tried with success in destroying the nerve of a tooth, and immediately stopping the tooth from aching; Dr. Mitchell's Corn Plaister, that has cured more corns than all other articles used; Dr. Mitchell's Chilblain Salve, that was never known to fail, when applied according to the directions on the box; Dr. Galen's Anti-Dyspeptic Pills which have cured more persons of that complaint, than all others ever offered to the public; Dr. Kittredge's Jaundice Bitters, a most excellent medicine for that complaint, now is the time to use it; Galen's Restorative Elixir, for weakness and general debility, has cured hundreds—it is one of the best medicines to cleanse the blood of humors that has ever been tried and is as good for many other complaints, if used freely as others recommend for them Kittredge's Ointment for the Itch, and for many other purposes, (see the label) is considered one of the most valuable articles in use; Dr. Jackson's Cordial—one of the best articles for Females in a weak and debilitated state of health that has ever been tried—it is used for the same purposes as the Aromatic Pills, and costs only one third as much—it is also used with great success in all cases of Strangury and Gravel; Dr. Jackson's remedy for Worms has already convinced the public of its superior excellence over any thing known for that complaint, as it destroys every pin worm and the tape worm; Dr. River's powders for the Liver complaint, is the only article known to have effectually cured this worst of all complaints; Prussian Wash for Warts on the hands—it entirely removes them without pain.

For sale, wholesale and retail, in Newport, by Dr. **R. R. HAZARD**, near the State-House—also for sale, by James Taylor, S. W. Vinson, and Dr. A. P. Moore, and by Joseph W. Eddy, Thames-Street, Newport.—J. Healey, Portsmouth.—Job Durfee, and J. P. Seabury, Four Corners, in Tiverton.—J. P. Simmons, Bristol—P. R. Reed & Co. Fall River—and by druggists in New-Bedford, Taunton, &c.

May 20, 1831.

DR. RIVERS' VEGETABLE POWDERS,
IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR THE LIVER COMPLAINT.

MR. DAM, grateful for the patronage received from a liberal and enlightened public on all his articles of Patent Medicines that he has vended, having a desire to continue his assistance in the healing art, through the medium of the best of the faculty in other countries as well as this, is now induced to offer them to a truly astonishing Vegetable Powders for the *LIVER COMPLAINT*, prepared from a private recipe from one of the first Physicians in the city of London. Mr. Dam obtained this recipe from a gentleman of New-York, who went to London expressly to obtain help; and this Physician cured him in three weeks after he arrived there, although his case was pronounced incurable by most of the faculty in New-York; he purchased the recipe, and soon after he returned to New-York & cured his nephew of the same complaint, that was given over by all physicians who, had attended him—his side had grown out as thick as a man's head. This statement no doubt will be familiar to many who applied for the recipe, but would not pay the price required by the fortunate holder. Mr. Dam is now the only person who has a right to make and vend this medicine in this country, and every box will be signed by him to prevent imposition. He can with confidence recommend the use of this invaluable medicine, as thousands are afflicted with this disease in all parts of the country. The Proprietor has been induced to offer this Medicine very low, in order to give every person an opportunity to try its efficacy. For sale, wholesale and retail at No. 29, Prince-Street, Boston, by LEADER DAM. Price 50 Cents per Box.

For Sale, wholesale and retail, in Newport, by Dr. R. R. HAZARD, near the State-House—also, by JAMES TAYLOR, S. W. VINSON and Dr. A. P. MOORE, and by J. W. EDDY, in Thames-Street—Job Durfee, and J. P. Seabury, at the Four Corners, Tiverton.—J. Healey, in Portsmouth; J. P. Simmons, Bristol; P. R. Reed & Co. Fall-River—and by druggists in Taunton, New-Bedford, &c. &c.

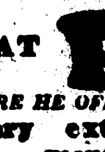
May 20, 1831.

1200 bushels white
Southern CORN, for Sale by
JOSHUA SAYER.
Newport, Sept. 19

REMOVAL.

DR. R. R. HAZARD,

HAS Removed his *MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT* from the Store formerly occupied by the late CHARLES FEKE, to the Stand in his own House, the third door of said Feke's Store, and a few rods West of the State-House, Sign of the

GREAT  **MORTAR**

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,
A very extensiv Assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES and DYE-STUFFS
Together with many of the most Valuable
Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c. &c.

Of the first quality, and on as good terms as can be obtained at any Store in Newport.

ALSO, Hull's, Stone's, and other Hernia TRUSSES.

☞ MEDICINE CHESTS, with plain directions for Ships, and family's use, put up and replenished in the best manner.

N. B.—The most particular personal attention paid to Physicians prescriptions, and Medicines delivered at any hour of the night.

Newport, May 14, 1831.

REMOVAL.

Samuel Barker,

HAS Removed two doors South, to the Store lately occupied by Mr. A. V. ALLEN.

Newport, Nov. 5.

THE SUBSCRIBER,
OFFERS FOR SALE, ON LYON'S WHARF,
50,000 ft. Boards & Plank
30,000 Ceder SHINGLES.

ALSO, 7 Hhds, good retailing Molasses; Muscovado Sugar by the Bbl.—Cloves by the bag or less quantity—Holland's Gin and Cogniac Brandy by the bbl.—all of which will be sold Cheap for Cash, or approved credit.—Apply to

Isaiah Crooker, jr.

Newport, Oct. 29.

CELLAR, No. 1,
CHURCH-STREET.
REPLENISHED WITH REAL
GOOD BUTTER,
CIDER, & two sorts of **APPLES**
called, Seek no further, & red sweetings.

N. SWEET,

Invites his old Customers and Friends, and the Public, to call and supply themselves.

Newport, Nov. 5.

NEW STAND.

THE Subscriber having Removed his Establishment to Store No. 109, Thames-street, recently occupied by Mr. D. C. Dunham, jeweller, (and opposite Messrs. G. Engs & Co.) is now ready to supply his Customers and the public, with *BOOTS & SHOES* of every description, from the most improved Manufactories, and newest patterns, and hopes by his unremitted attention, to be able to merit a continuance of that liberal patronage which he has heretofore received.

As a further inducement to Customers, he has just received a complete Assortment of Stock from New-York, for manufacturing work to measure; comprising different color'd Kid Morocco, lining, bindings, and the much admired bronze and chequer'd French Morocco, &c. &c. together with six new sets of the first fashion LASTS, made by Mr. Coit, of N. York. The work to measures being made under his own immediate inspection, will bear comparison with any made in the place.—The best attention paid to repairing.

Constantly on hand and for Sale, Shoe nails, thread, lining and binding skins, Day & Martin and other kinds of Blacking, &c. &c.

BENJAMIN H. AILMAN.

Newport, April 23.

L O S T,
SUPPOSED TO BE STOLEN,

ONE Jamaica Island CHECK for 50L.—One do. do. for £5.—Any information relative to the above, will be attended to, on application to ROBERT STEVENS, who will pay a suitable reward.

Newport, Dec. 10.

At Tilley's,

INDIA RUBBER OVER SHOES in great Variety, from One Dollar to $1 75 the Pair.

ALSO, Just Opened. A Lot of low priced drab, olive and blue Broadcloths.

☞ LACE WORK put out.

Newport, Nov. 26.

FINAL NOTICE.

ALL Demands in favor of the Estate of EDWARD SIMMONS, dec. that shall remain unpaid on the 10th day of Dec. next, will immediately thereafter be put in suit.

HENRY Y. CRANSTON, *Adm'r on the Estate of Edward Simmons*.

Newport, Nov. 10, 1831.

Administrator's Notice

THE Subscriber having been appointed Administrator on the Estate of Capt. *JAMES EASTON*, late of Newport, dec. he therefore requests all persons indebted to said Estate, to present their claims for settlement, and those indebted, to make immediate payment to

HENRY Y. CRANSTON, *Adm'r*.

Newport, Nov. 7, 1831.

Fall and Winter GOODS.

ISAAC GOULD,
No. 175, Thames-Street,

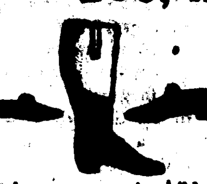
HAS JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW-YORK, AN assortment of BROADCLOTHS, Cassimeres and Vestings, of the most fashionable colours and patterns, suitable to the approaching Season.

ALSO, Gentlemen's New style Stocks and Cravats; extra Beaver, and Buckskin Gloves; random Hose; Wash-leather Jackets and Shirts, &c. &c.—All of which he will sell at a small advance for Cash or approved credit.

Newport, Oct. 22.

BOOTS & SHOES
CO-PARTNERSHIP FORMED.

DAVIS & POTTER
At the Old Stand of JOHN W. DAVIS
Sign of the BIG BOOT,
100, *THAMES-STREET*.



HAVE just Returned, from New-York with a superior selection of Stock of the first quality, for the purpose of manufacturing Ladies, Gentlemen's, misses and children's **BOOTS AND SHOES**, in the most fashionable style, by the first rate workmen.—They are confident the satisfaction heretofore received by old customers at the establishment (No. 100) will induce them still to continue their patronage.

Having the assistance of *Mr. Potter* in the establishment, every attention will be paid to all those who wish for the first style of Boots & Shoes, made to measure, on the newest fashion lasts, which they have just received from New-York. They have on hand, an extensive assortment of Ladies, Gentlemen's and misses Boots and Shoes, of every description, usually called for in a Shoe-Store, of their own manufacturing. Also a number of cases of the above Articles, which they bought for cash in New-York, and are determined to sell them as low as at any other Store in Town.

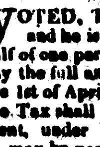
They keep constantly on hand, the following articles, viz:—

Black and coloured Lastings,	Black and color'd morocco and kid do.
Russia Sheetings	Calf-skins
No. 2 & 3 Ribbons	Seal skins
David's boot galloons	Horse skins
Binding silk	Black & color'd kid
Silk & cotton braid	Goat skin bindings
Silk and cotton boot cord	Sheep do. do.
Boot Webbing	Lining skins
English shoe thread	Liquid Blacking
American do. do.	Sponge do.
Grain'd upper leather	Box paste do.
Curried goat skins	Heel ball
Black and buff buckskins	Shoe brushes, &c. &c.

JOHN W. DAVIS,
JOHN N. POTTER.

Newport, April 30.

WANTED Immediately



TWO or Three Journeymen Shoemakers, for Men's work.—Apply to DAVIS & POTTER.

Newport, Sept. 24.

AT A TOWN-MEETING,
Holden at the State-House, June 7th, 1831

VOTED, That the Collector of Taxes be and he is hereby authorised to allow one-half of one per cent per month, to all those who pay the full amount of their Taxes previous to the 1st of April, 1832, to commence at the time the Tax shall be assessed and ready for payment, under the regulations that have been or may be passed at this *Meeting*; no allowance to be made in the estimation of interest for the odd days.—*Also voted*, That the law, governing the Collection of Taxes, be strictly enforced against all those who shall neglect the payment of their Taxes within the time specified.

A true Copy;—Witness.
B. B. HOWLAND, *Town-Clerk*.

TAX, FOR 1831

THE Subscriber, Collector of the Town TAX voted in June last, hereby gives notice, that he has commenced the collecting of said Tax, and respectfully requests all those indebted, to pay the same without delay, at No. 9, Market-square.

JOSEPH MARTIN.

Newport, Oct. 20, 1831.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

THE Subscribers hereby give notice that they have been duly appointed, and taken upon themselves the trust of Executors to the last Will and Testament of

William Ennis, Esq.

late of Newport, dec. by giving bond as the law directs; they therefore request all persons who are indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to

DAVID KING,
BENJAMIN H. TISDALE. } *Execut'rs*

Newport, May 28.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator on the Estate of

THOMAS POTTER,

late of Portsmouth, dec. by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons having any demands on said Estate, to present the same for settlement; and all indebted, to make immediate payment to

THOMAS POTTER, *Adm'r*.

Portsmouth, Sept. 14, 1831,

Sugar & Wines.

25 boxes super Brown Sugar
10 Casks Marseilles Madeira WINE,
10 do. sweet and Dry Malaga Do.
Just Received and for Sale low, by
S. NEWTON,
No. 150, Thames-Street.

Newport, Sept. 17.

Retailing Molasses.

150 Hhds. Retailing MOLASSES, for Sale by
J. G. & S. WHITEHORNE.

ALSO, A few pieces of best Russia Duck

Newport, Oct. 8.

Fall and Winter GOODS.

E. F. NEWTON,

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM BOSTON, AND WILL OPEN THIS DAY,

18 CASES of Seasonable DRY GOODS, consisting of the most desirable selection ever offered in town. Purchasers are invited to look!!

Newport, Saturday, Oct. 1st.

India Rubber Shoes.

Benj. Marsh, jun.

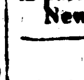
HAS JUST RECEIVED,

A New Lot of INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the very first quality, both Women's and Men's.

N. B.—Old India Rubbers repaired in the neatest and best manner, and those too far gone to be repaired, will be taken in part pay for a new pair.

Newport, Nov. 12.

For Sale,



THE large and convenient Dwelling-House and Lot, belonging to the heirs of *Peleg Wood*, deceased, situate in Thames-Street, next north of the residence of S. T. Northam, Esq.—*Also*, A Lot on the main road, near the Mills, containing about 6 Acres, now improved by Wm. Stewart.—For terms, apply to

S. FOWLER GARDNER, or
N. G. BOSS.

Newport, Nov. 19.

For Sale,

THAT pleasantly situated Estate in Portsmouth, on the East road, formerly occupied by *Joseph Fish*.—It is about 9 miles from Newport, and consists of a very convenient two story Dwelling-House, a Store, and about 5 Acres of good Land, with an Orchard, a good well of water, and the necessary out buildings.—For further particulars, and terms, apply to

S. A. ROBINSON, } *Assignees to*
W. T. POTTER. } *Joseph Fish.*

Newport, Sept. 17, 1831.

Wm. S. Vose,
Respectfully informs the Inhabitants and Visitors of NEWPORT.

THAT at his Old Stand, No. 124, Thames-Street, he keeps constantly on hand, a good assortment of *CONFECTIONARY*.—Also, SODA, ICE CREAMS, and Restorative BEER & MEAD.

VOSE'S RESTORATIVE has been pronounced by all that ever drank of it, to surpass any thing of the kind ever offered in this town; those who doubt it, have only to bring 2 cents, and try a tumbler.—Families can be supplied for only 50 cents per dozen.

Newport, June 23.

GOFF'S PATENT STOVE
For Cooking with Anthracite COAL,

THERE has hitherto been no STOVE invented applicable to the use of Anthracite Coal with success in the operations of Cooking; they have all possessed the fault of imparting a scorching and too partial heat to the Oven; this disadvantage however, is entirely obviated in the one now offered to the public, by means of a revolving cylindrical Oven.

The Inventor has had one of them in use for two years, with great success, which has been inspected by many scientific persons, who have pronounced it to be the most complete and ingenious article of the kind, ever submitted to the attention of the public.—They may be viewed at the Work-shop of Mr. CHRIS. SWEET, on Gyles' Wharf, and after Tuesday next, in operation at the House of the Subscriber in Franklin-street, between the hours of 11 and 12.

THO'S EVANS.

Newport, Nov. 12.

NOTICE,

THE Subscriber, at the Stand lately occupied by JOHN H. TAYLOR & BROTHER, Nos. 8 and 9, Steeple-street, offers for sale, a complete Assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, &c. of good quality and at fair prices. He will continue the manufacture of Ink, Ink Powder, Blacking, Lemon Syrup, Soda Powders, Rochelle do. &c. as usual.

JOHN H. TAYLOR.

Providence, Oct. 20,

J. L. CLA[illegible]
EXCHANGE [illegible]
Three Doors [illegible]

THE [illegible] are subject to [illegible] this place [illegible] writing [illegible] ing the different [illegible] be in pursuit of [illegible] the City [illegible] have taken the liberty to give the general invitation to [illegible] home with me, while they remain [illegible] All the principal city papers [illegible] most of the New-England, and the Southern and Western [illegible] of foreign papers are [illegible] the accommodation of the public. [illegible] clations, or any business that may [illegible] line of a Stock and Exchange [illegible] attended to with fidelity, punctuality [illegible] patch.

Any Commissions with which [illegible] may favor me, will be complied [illegible] full letter of their instructions. [illegible]

J. L. CLA[illegible]

168, Broadway, New-York, or at the [illegible] Union Buildings, Prov[illegible]

Providence, June 15.

THE LADY'S BOOK.—Pub[illegible] L. A. GODEY & Co. Phila[illegible] The Work is issued in numbers on th[illegible] every month, printed on fine paper [illegible] new type.

Every number will contain a piece [illegible] on copper plate engraving, and at [illegible] wood cuts, and every three months, [illegible] plate of the Fashions.

Subscription price Three Dollars [illegible] payable in advance. A new volume [illegible] just commenced, persons wishing to [illegible] are requested to call and leave their [illegible]

The design of the Work has [illegible] fully stated in the Prospectus, and [illegible] ly gathered from an inspection of its [illegible] To furnish a constant supply of useful [illegible] gant literature, selected with a view [illegible] cation of all classes, but more p[illegible] y to the Ladies, has been, and will [illegible] be the leading objects of the Publish[illegible] from the evidences of success already [illegible] they have no reason to doubt the [illegible] plishment of their purpose. Every [illegible] source from whence materials might [illegible] ered, has been laid under contribution [illegible] regard to expense. The best journ[illegible] Foreign and American, are received [illegible] liest dates, and from these, careful sel[illegible] the best articles will continue to be [illegible] such a way as will most likely combin[illegible] variety, utility, and interest.

Original articles, translations of [illegible] foreign productions, are furnished [illegible] hands, and the poetical department is [illegible] by the contributions of Authors of dis[illegible] ed reputation and merit. In a word, [illegible] are left untried to make the Literary [illegible] ter of the work equal at least to any [illegible] publication.

The Embellishments are of a very [illegible] order. Engravings suited to the cha[illegible] the work, executed by the most skilful [illegible] are bound up with each number, acco[illegible] by appropriate descriptions of the vari[illegible] ects.

Particular care has been taken to [illegible] department of the Fashions and the To[illegible] viting and attractive, to which end the [illegible] style is explained and illustrated by [illegible] plate engravings.

Of the mechanical execution of the [illegible] the Publishers do not hesitate to speak [illegible] of strong commendation. For neatne[illegible] racy, and beauty, they believe THE [illegible] BOOK will not suffer in comparison w[illegible] work in this country.

☞ Subscriptions for the above are received at this Office.

March 12, 1831.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Court of Probate, Middletown, D[illegible]

WHEREAS the Administrator's [illegible] count on the Estate of MARY [illegible] late of said Middletown, single wom[illegible] was this day presented for settlement [illegible] lowance.—It is therefore ordered, That t[illegible] sideration thereof be referred to a Cour[illegible] bate, to be holden at the Town-House [illegible] dletown on the 2d Monday of Jan. [illegible] o'clock P. M. and that previous notice [illegible] (by publishing a copy of this order thr[illegible] ral times in the Newport Mercury) to [illegible] sons interested in said Estate, to appear [illegible] time and place and be heard. [illegible]

WILLIAM SMITH, *Probate* [illegible]

Court of Probate, Newport, Dec. [illegible]

WHEREAS application has this [illegible] made for Administration on the [illegible] of GEORGE CLARKE, late of Newp[illegible] It is ordered, That the consideration th[illegible] referred to a Court of Probate, to be h[illegible] the State-House in Newport, on the fi[illegible] day of Jan. next at 9 o'clock A. M. [illegible] previous notice be given, (by publishing [illegible] of this order three several times in th[illegible] port Mercury) to all persons interested [illegible] Estate, to appear at said time and place [illegible] heard.

By Order.
B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate C[illegible]*

Court of Probate, Newport, Dec. [illegible]

WHEREAS the final administrat[illegible] count on Estate of WILLIAM [illegible] late of Newport, deceased, was this [illegible] sented for examination, and allow[illegible] It is ordered, That the consideration th[illegible] referred to a Court of Probate, to be h[illegible] the State-House in Newport, on the fi[illegible] day of Jan. next, at 9 o'clock A. M. [illegible] previous notice be given (by publishing [illegible] of this order three several times in th[illegible] port Mercury) to all persons interested [illegible] Estate, to appear at said time and place [illegible]

By Order.
B. B. HOWLAND, [illegible]

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been ap[illegible] by the Hon. Court of Probate [illegible] Town of Portsmouth, Commissioners to [illegible] and examine the claims of the Creditors [illegible] the Estate of *CHARLES SLOCUM*, [illegible] of Portsmouth, deceased, represented [illegible] vent, and six months from the date [illegible] ing allowed for receiving said claims, [illegible] attend at our appointment [illegible] the 14th day of May next, and [illegible] to receive said claims at the [illegible] Greene, in said Portsmouth, on the [illegible] days of April and May next, [illegible]

THOMAS CORY, Jun. [illegible]
JOHN CASE, [illegible]
PARKER HALL, 1st, [illegible]

All persons indebted to said Estate, [illegible] quested to make immediate payment [illegible]

MARK A. SLOCUM, *A[illegible]*

Portsmouth, Nov. 14, 1831.